

Pay attention to the following tree problems! 若樹木出現以下問題,要注意!



Split 裂開



Fungal fruiting bodies
真菌子實體



Leaning 傾斜



Crack 裂縫



Hanger 懸吊斷枝



Wood decay / cavity
腐壞 / 樹洞



Severely cut / damaged root
根部被嚴重切割或損害



Dieback twigs
樹枝枯死



Topping / improper pruning
截頂 / 不適當修剪

Step 4: Mitigating tree risk

步驟四: 緩減樹木風險

Mitigation measures should be undertaken in a timely manner and under supervision of qualified professionals. Mitigation measures include:

在合資格專業人士監督下,適時進行緩減措施。緩減措施包括:

- Cordon off the tree fall zone 圍封塌樹可能影響的範圍
- Apply pest and disease control 控制病蟲害
- Prune broken or dead branches 修剪斷枝或枯枝
- Install supporting or cabling system 安裝支撐或纜索系統
- Continuously monitor defect 持續觀察樹木有問題部分
- Arrange tree removal 安排移除樹木

Step 5: Keeping records

步驟五: 保存記錄

Complete comprehensive and retrievable records of tree inspection results and mitigation measures can demonstrate that tree owners have taken reasonable care in tree management. Records on tree works include:

保存完備並可檢索的樹木巡查結果及緩減措施記錄,可顯示樹木擁有人已採取合理措施管理樹木。樹木工作記錄包括:

- Tree inventory 樹木資料庫
- Records of tree risk assessment 樹木風險評估記錄
- Records of maintenance inspections and maintenance works 樹木護養巡查和護養工作記錄
- Recommended mitigation measures and actions taken 已採取的建議緩減措施及行動
- Photo records 相片記錄

4. Enquiry and Feedback 查詢和反映意見

Any enquiry and feedback should be directed to the Greening, Landscape and Tree Management Section of Development Bureau.

(E-mail Address : gltms@devb.gov.hk)

如有查詢及意見,請與發展局綠化、園境及樹木管理組聯絡
(電郵地址: gltms@devb.gov.hk)

5. Reference 參考資料

Handbook on Tree Management of Development Bureau

(<https://www.greening.gov.hk/en/tree-care/information-about-tree-maintenance-for-private-pro/handbook-on-tree-management/index.html>)

發展局《樹木管理手冊》

(<https://www.greening.gov.hk/tc/tree-care/information-about-tree-maintenance-for-private-pro/handbook-on-tree-management/index.html>)

